







Study in Europe is a European Union project which aims to:

- Show students worldwide what studying in Europe offers
- Help international students to find out about higher education study, research and scholarship opportunities in Europe
- Connect European higher education organisations with international students and partners

Study in Europe covers higher education in <u>34 European countries</u>. These 34 countries are part of the European Union's <u>Erasmus+ programme</u>, which provides study-abroad opportunities for students from Europe and from partner countries in other parts of the world.

Who is managing Study in Europe?

Launched in January 2018, Study in Europe is the second three-year project contracted by the European Commission, Directorate General for Education and Culture for the European Union.

It is being implemented by a consortium involving <u>Academic Cooperation</u> <u>Association</u>, <u>Archimedes Foundation</u>, <u>British Council</u>, <u>Campus France</u>, <u>DAAD</u> and <u>Nuffic</u>. It is supported by an Advisory Group of national higher education promotion agencies across Europe.

8 reasons to Study in Europe

Did you know that over 1.4 million students from around the world came to Europe in 2012 for their higher education and the numbers are growing every year. With 1000s of world-class universities, research centres and higher education institutions, Europe is the place to be.

Here are 8 good reasons to choose Europe for your higher education:











1. Careers: Shape your future

Want to get ahead in your career? Many employers worldwide actively seek or value an international study experience when recruiting. By studying here, you will gain the skills, knowledge and experience that employers value. With strong international business, creative and research sectors, Europe is a great place to build your career.

2. World-class education: Reach your full potential

World-leading universities, top facilities and inspirational teaching. in Europe, you're at the center of an international community with a passion for learning. What makes European universities so strong is the emphasis on creativity, innovation and support - helping you to reach your true potential.

3. Languages: Learn in English or another leading global business language

There are 24 official languages in the European Union, but did you know that most countries across Europe offer study programmes in English too? You'll also find programmes taught in other leading global business languages such as Spanish, French, German, Italian, Portuguese, Arabic and more.

4. Support and friendship: Feel at home

Europe is a welcoming, friendly place for students from all around the world. Europe's universities and colleges offer support and social activities to help you feel at home and happy. Europe is also a great place to live: 7 of the world's 10 happiest countries are here!

5. Cultural experience: Have a unique adventure

Studying in Europe is not just about lectures and libraries, it is also a once-in-a-lifetime chance to discover new countries and to discover yourself too! From the snowy north to the sun-soaked south, across Europe you will find breath-takingly beautiful landscapes, buzzing cities and vibrant cultures waiting for you.

6. Scholarships and costs: Get value for money

European countries invest in their higher education systems to help make education affordable for students, whilst maintaining high quality standards. Across Europe, tuition fees and living costs compare very well to other study destinations. In fact, in some European countries, study programmes are free of charge! There are lots of scholarships and financial support options available too.

7. Diversity: Study the way you want

The beauty of Europe is that it offers so much choice. With world-class universities, higher education institutions and research institutes, offering 100,000s of Bachelor's Degree, Master's Degree and PhD/Doctoral programmes, plus **short-term study opportunities**, you can choose the experience that suits you.











8. Pioneering research: Be the best

Are you an ambitious researcher looking to boost your career? Europe offers you great opportunities. There were 1.58 million full time equivalent researchers in the EU-27 in 2009. Over the next decade, the European Union is actively looking to attract an additional 1 million researchers! Find out more about research jobs, funding and opportunities in Europe.

STUDY IN NORTH MACEDONIA

Quick facts

Population: 2.084.367 (2017)

Capital: Skopje

Geographical size: 25,713 km²
GDP: € 10,9 billion (2016)

• Official language(s): Macedonian, Albanian

Currency: Denar MKD













Overview

Republic of North Macedonia has long been at the crossroads of many great civilizations, and as such has a rich history to match its natural beauty. Its Turkish cultural influence as well as its high degree of ethnic diversity is reflected in its many historical landmarks, which also display its connections to the Roman, Byzantine and Ottoman Empires. Meanwhile, the modernist architecture of the capital Skopje highlights its role as a symbol of rebirth and growth - the Republic of North Macedonia has overcome many obstacles to become the country it is today.

Science is the country's universities' area of strength, and they offer an abundance of research opportunities for those seeking to do masters or doctorate programs. You'll find a warm and welcoming atmosphere for international students when you study in the Republic of North Macedonia, with a variety of events celebrating the Republic of North Macedonia's rich cultural heritage. Its culture cherishes art, music and poetry; festivals are held to celebrate holidays, traditions and art. You can also enjoy festivals for modern music and jazz - there's plenty of new cultural experiences to be found in the Republic of North Macedonia.

Capitol of Skopje

Skopje is the capital and largest city of the Republic of Macedonia. It is the country's political, cultural, economic, and academic center.

The territory of Skopje has been inhabited since at least 4000 BC; remains of Neolithic settlements have been found within the old Kale Fortress that overlooks the modern city centre. Scupi became the capital of Dardania in the second century BC. On the eve of the 1st century AD, the settlement was seized by the Romans and became a military camp.[4][5] When the Roman Empire was divided into eastern and western halves in 395 AD, Scupi came under Byzantine rule from Constantinople. During much of the early medieval period, the town was contested between the Byzantines and the Bulgarian Empire, whose capital it was between 972 and 992.

From 1282, the town was part of the Serbian Empire and acted as its capital city from 1346 to 1371. In 1392, the city was conquered by the Ottoman Turks who called the town Üsküp. The town stayed under Turkish control for over 500 years, serving as the capital of pashasanjak of Üsküb and later the Vilayet of Kosovo. At that time the city was famous for its oriental architecture.[citation needed] In 1912, it was annexed by the Kingdom of Serbia during the Balkan Wars.[6] During the First World War the city was seized by the Bulgarian Kingdom, and after this war, it became part of the newly formed Kingdom of Serbs, Croats and Slovenes (Kingdom of Yugoslavia) becoming the capital of the Vardarska banovina. In the Second World











Skopje is located on the upper course of the Vardar River, and is located on a major north-south Balkan route between Belgrade and Athens. It is a center for metal-processing, chemical, timber, textile, leather, and printing industries. Industrial development of the city has been accompanied by development of the trade, logistics, and banking sectors, as well as an emphasis on the fields of transportation, culture and sport. According to the last official count from 2002, Skopje has a population of 506,926 inhabitants; according to official estimates, the city has a population of 544,086 inhabitants, as of June 30, 2015.

HIGHER EDUCATION IN NORTH MACEDONIA

- Number of higher education institutions: 25, 5 are public and 20 are private institutions.
- Language of instruction: Most higher education courses in the Republic of North Macedonia are taught in Macedonian, but you will also find many courses taught in Albanian, Turkish or English.
- Typical tuition fees: Generally students at public universities and higher education institutions are paying from 200 till 400 euro. At the private HEIs students are paying from 500 euro to 2000 euro per academic year. Find out more here http://na.org.mk/index.php/mk/studiraj-vo-makedonija.html
- Average length of a full-time higher education programme in the Republic of North Macedonia:

Bachelor's degree programme: 3 yearsMaster's degree programme: 2 years

Doctorate/PhD: 3 years

STUDENT TESTIMONIALS



I would have thrown a bad bet if someone had prophesied that Erasmus in Macedonia and IBU could have a great impact in my life. Aside the warm welcoming nature of the people both on campus and off campus the teaching and learning environment in IBU has boosted my confidence level as an international student. Therefore there is without any doubt that IBU has been awarded the best university in Macedonia in terms of teaching and learning. Thank you ©











Higher Education Institutions in North Macedonia

Public HEIs

UNIVERSITY ST KLIMENT OHRIDSKI BITOLA

http://www.uklo.edu.mk/

REPUBLIC OF MACEDONIA - UNIVERSITY FOR INFORMATION SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY ST.PAUL THE APOSTLE OHRID

http://uist.edu.mk/

SS. CYRIL AND METHODIUS UNIVERSITY IN SKOPJE

http://www.ukim.edu.mk/en_index.php

University Mother Teresa

http://unt.edu.mk/en/

REPUBLIC OF MACEDONIA GOCE DELCEV STATE UNIVERSITY STIP

https://www.ugd.edu.mk/index.php/en/ STATE UNIVERSITY OF TETOVA

https://unite.edu.mk/en/

Private HEIs

INTERNATIONAL VISION UNIVERSITY

http://www.vizyon.edu.mk/?lang=en

FILM INSTITUTE OHRID FILM ACADEMY

https://fiofa.edu.mk/maintenance/

INTEGRATED BUSINESS FACULTY PU

http://www.fbe.edu.mk/index.php?lang=en

INTERNATIONAL BALKAN UNIVERSITY

http://www.ibu.edu.mk/en/

EUROPEAN UNIVERSITY - REPUBLIC OF MACEDONIA

https://eurm.eu/

VISOKA SKOLA ZA NOVINARSTVO I ZA ODNOSI SO JAVNOSTA PRIVATNA USTANOVA

http://www.vs.edu.mk/

FIRST PRIVATE UNIVERSITY FON

http://www.fon.edu.mk/?ln=en

PRIVATE HIGHER EDUCATION INSTITUTION - UNIVERSITY AMERICAN COLLEGE SKOPJE PRIVATNA USTANOVA

https://www.uacs.edu.mk/

INSTITUT ZA BIZNIS EKONOMIJA

http://ibi.edu.mk/











PRIVATE INDEPENDENT HIGHER INSTITUTION HIGHER PROFESSIONAL SCHOOL BUSINESS ACADEMY SMILEVSKI - BAS, SKOPJE

http://www.bas.edu.mk/

P.V.P.U.EURO KOLEDZ KUMANOVO

https://www.eurocollege.edu.mk/en/

INSTITUT ZA OPSTESTVENI I HUMANISTICKI NAUKI SKOPJE

http://www.isshs.edu.mk/

Univerzitet za Turizam i Menagment vo Skopje

https://www.utms.edu.mk/

INSTITUT ZA KOMUNIKACISKI STUDII SKOPJE

http://iks.edu.mk/en/

MIT Univerzitet, Skopje

http://www.mit.edu.mk/

INTERNATIONAL UNIVERSITY OF STRUGA

https://iust.edu.mk/

University of audiovisual arts

European Film, Theater and Dance Academy

http://www.esra.com.mk/

SOUTH EAST EUROPEAN UNIVERSITY TETOVO*INSTITUTE FOR

ENVIRONMENT AND HEALTH

https://www.seeu.edu.mk/



